

Actuators IC 20, IC 30, IC 50

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

- Easy to switch between Automatic and Manual mode
- Position indicator that can be read externally
- Three-point step control
- IC 20..E and IC 50..E also for continuous control
- IC 20..E and IC 50..E with electronic positioning function
- IC 50 for high torques and with selectable direction of rotation
- IC 30 for 24 V DC
- IC 20 and IC 50 can be delivered ready installed on control element
- IC 20, IC 50: adjustable motor behaviour in the event of cable discontinuity, for example



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1 Application



IC 20



IC 30



IC 50

The actuators are designed for all applications that require precise, controlled rotary movement between 0° and 90°. In conjunction with a control element, they are suitable for regulating flow rates on gas and air appliances for modulating-controlled or stage-controlled combustion processes.

In addition to setting the min. and max. positions using infinitely adjustable switching cams, floating limit switches mean that additional switching positions such as for ignition and high-fire rate positions can be set.

A standard Service switch allows the device to be switched from Automatic to Manual mode and a position indicator which can be read from the outside drastically simplifies the commissioning procedure.

IC 20, IC 30 and IC 50 are controlled by a three-point step signal. IC 20..E and IC 50..E can also be controlled by a continuous signal.

IC 30 is suitable for 24 V DC applications.

1 Application

An integrated feedback potentiometer offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator. This checking function can be used in automation processes.

IC 20..E, IC 50..E

The behaviour of the actuator, e.g. if the input signal falls below the minimum limit in the event of cable discontinuity, can be set using DIP switches.

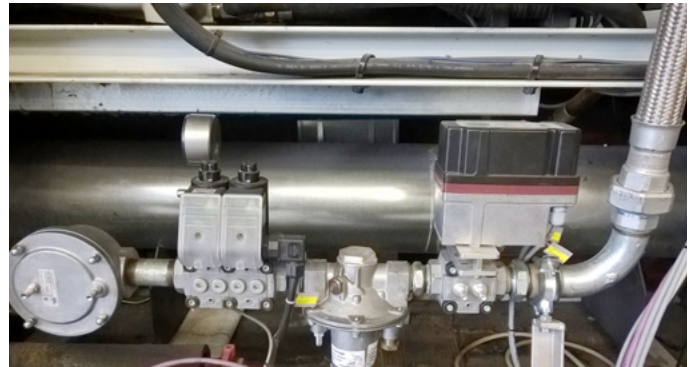
Fluctuations or interference in the input signal are suppressed by an adjustable potentiometer. In the case of continuous control, the input signal can be adapted to the minimum and maximum adjustment angles manually or automatically. This calibration process can be visualized using LEDs. The continuous signal offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator.



Roller hearth kiln in the ceramics industry

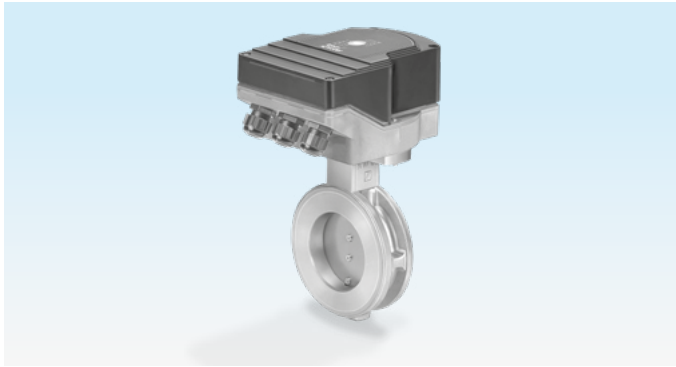


Forging furnace



CHP for generating electricity and heat

1.1 IC 20



IBG (IC 20 + BVG)

The actuator IC 20 can be delivered ready mounted onto a butterfly valve BVG, BVGF, BVA, BVAF, BVH or BVHS.

This combination is designed for a control ratio of up to 10:1.

See Technical Information: Butterfly valves BVG, BVA, BVH



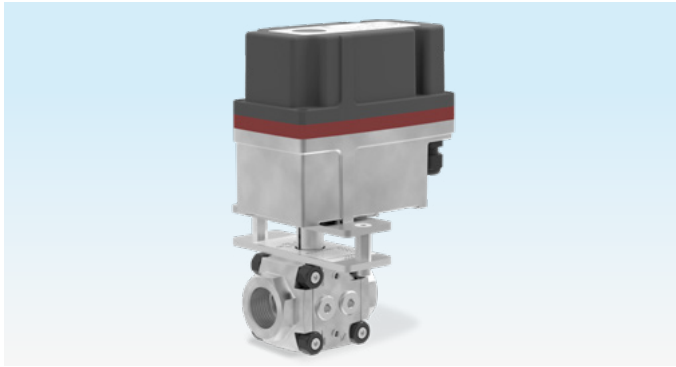
IFC (IC 20 + VFC)

Actuator IC 20 and linear flow control VFC can be delivered ready assembled.

This combination is designed for a control ratio of up to 25:1.

See Technical Information: Linear flow controls VFC

1.2 IC 30



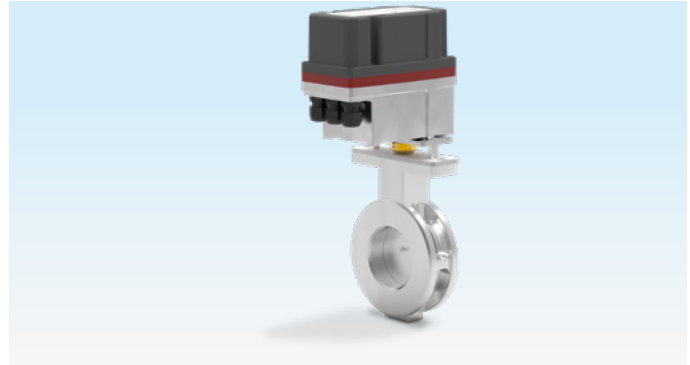
IC 30 + VFC

Actuator IC 30 can be used as an actuator for linear flow control VFC.

An adapter set must be used for assembly. The IC 30, linear flow control VFC and the adapter set are not assembled on delivery.

This combination is designed for a control ratio of up to 25:1.

See Technical Information: Linear flow controls VFC



IC 30 + BVA/BVG

Actuator IC 30 can be used as an actuator for butterfly valves BVA and BVG.

An adapter set must be used for assembly. The IC 30, butterfly valve BVA/BVG and the adapter set are not assembled on delivery.

This combination is designed for a control ratio of up to 10:1.

See Technical Information: Butterfly valves BVG, BVA, BVH

1.3 IC 50

IC 50 is designed for applications with high torques of up to 30 Nm.

Actuator IC 50 and butterfly valve DKR are also delivered ready assembled up to nominal size 300.

The direction of rotation of the valve disc can be switched. The valve disc position can be read from the outside where the direction of rotation is indicated using a colour code.

Depending on the application, the actuator can be aligned to the butterfly valve using various attachment sets. See Technical Information: Butterfly valves DKR

Axial mounting



IDR..AU



IDR..AS

The actuator is axially aligned to butterfly valve DKR and can be mounted rotated in increments of 90°. The connections are then positioned above the pipe or to the side of the pipe.

1 Application

Attachment with linkage

If the actuator is to be operated offset to the side of the butterfly valve, an attachment set with linkage can be used. The actuator may be installed rotated by 180°.



IDR..GD

Attachment set ..GD is used for butterfly valves with disc clearance DKR..D.



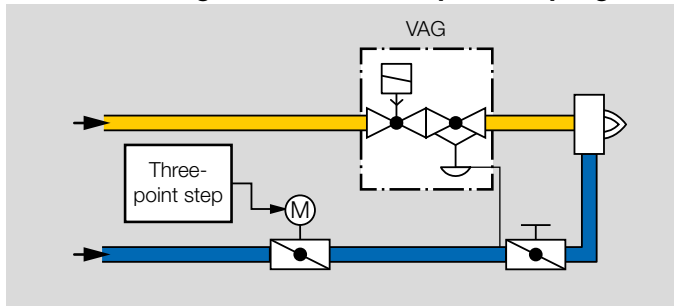
IDR..GAW

In the case of butterfly valves with stop bar DKR..A, an attachment set with shock suppressor must be used.

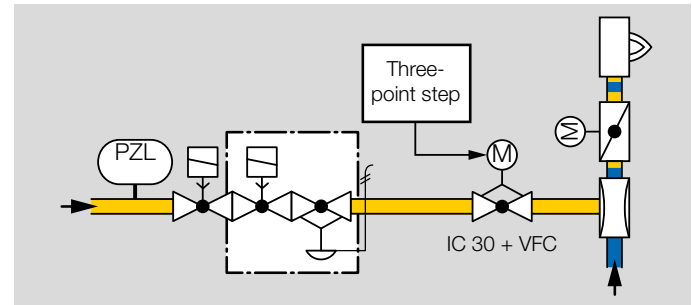
As of a medium temperature of $> 250^{\circ}\text{C}$, the actuator is to be protected by a heat deflector, see page 35 (6.3.1 Heat deflector).

1.4 Application examples

1.4.1 Modulating control via three-point step signal

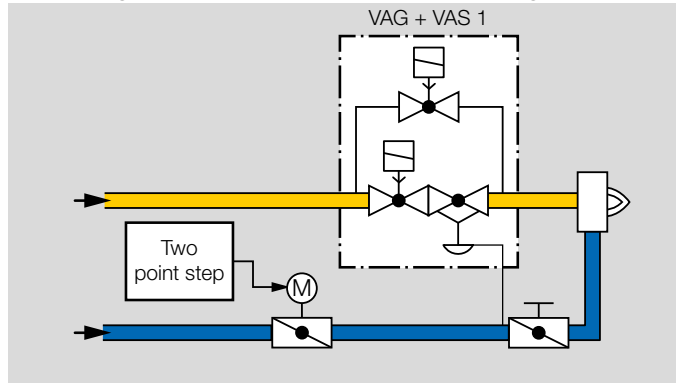


For processes that require high temperature accuracy and low circulation in the furnace. Actuator IC is controlled by a three-point step controller and moves the butterfly valve to the ignition position. The burner starts. The butterfly valve opens or closes between the low-fire/high-fire rate positions depending on the capacity demand of the burner. When the three-point step signal is disconnected, the butterfly valve stops at its current position.



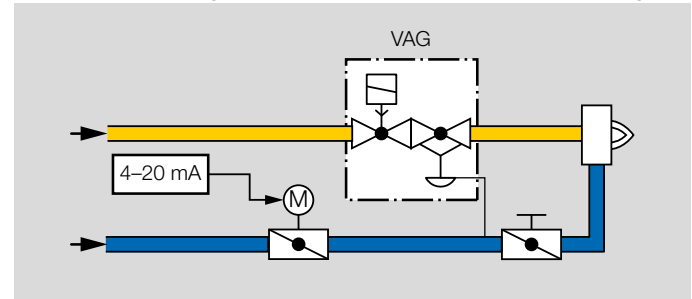
For processes that require high control accuracy. The low-fire and high-fire rates are adjusted using the control element upstream of the burner. Actuator IC 30 is controlled by a three-point step controller and ensures the desired gas/air mixture is produced.

1.4.2 Staged control via two-point step signal



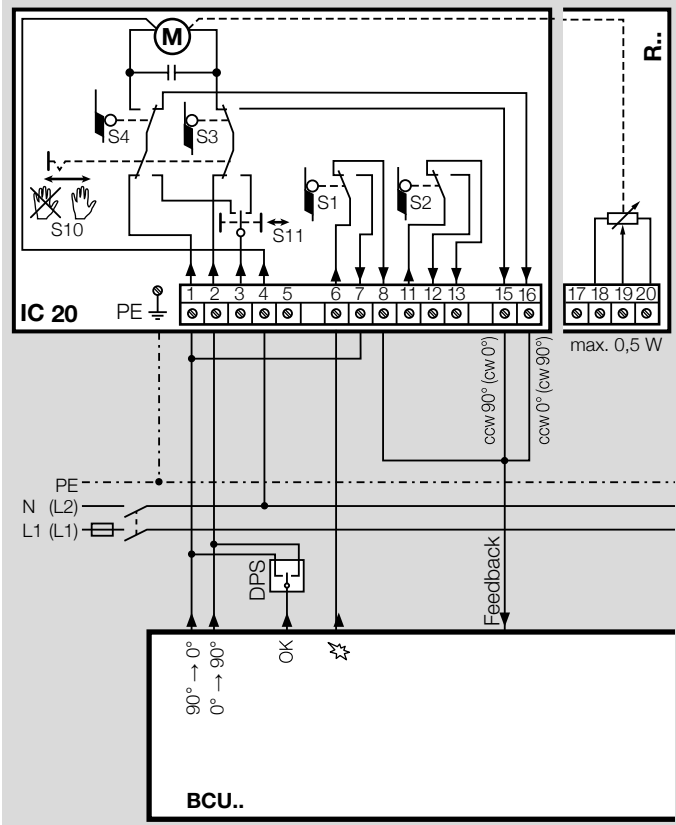
For processes that require a homogeneous temperature distribution in the furnace. Actuator IC..E is controlled by a two-point step controller and operates in On/Off or High/Low intermittent mode. The actuator closes when the voltage is disconnected.

1.4.3 Modulating control with continuous input signal



For processes that require high temperature accuracy and low circulation in the furnace. Actuator IC..E is controlled by a (0)4–20 mA or 0–10 V signal. The continuous signal corresponds to the adjustment angle to be approached and offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator.

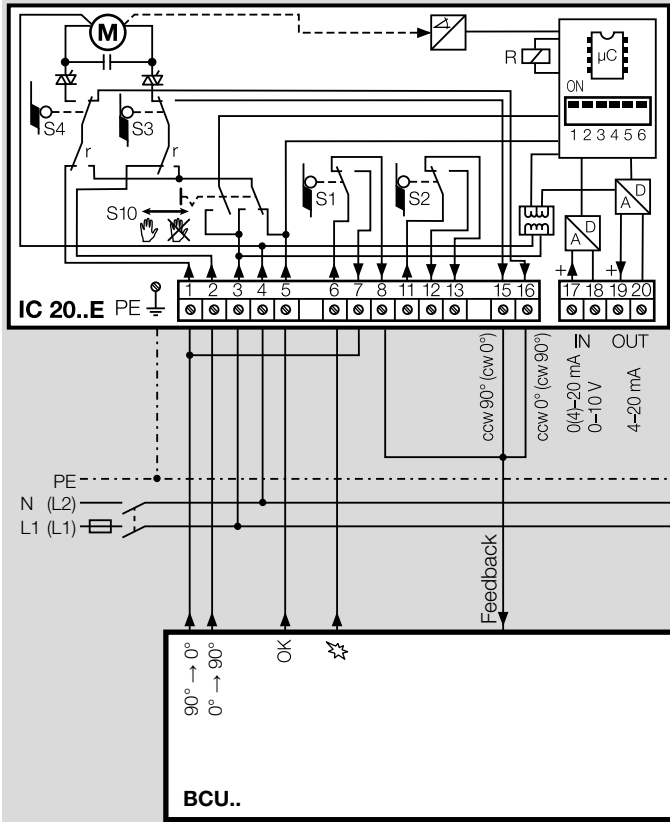
1.4.4 IC 20, modulating control with burner control unit BCU



The BCU moves the butterfly valve to pre-purge and ignition positions. After pre-purge and burner start, the controller enable signal is issued to an external three-point step controller which positions the butterfly valve in accordance with the capacity demand.

Once the pre-purge or ignition position has been reached, a feedback signal is sent to the BCU.

1.4.5 IC 20..E, continuous control with burner control unit BCU

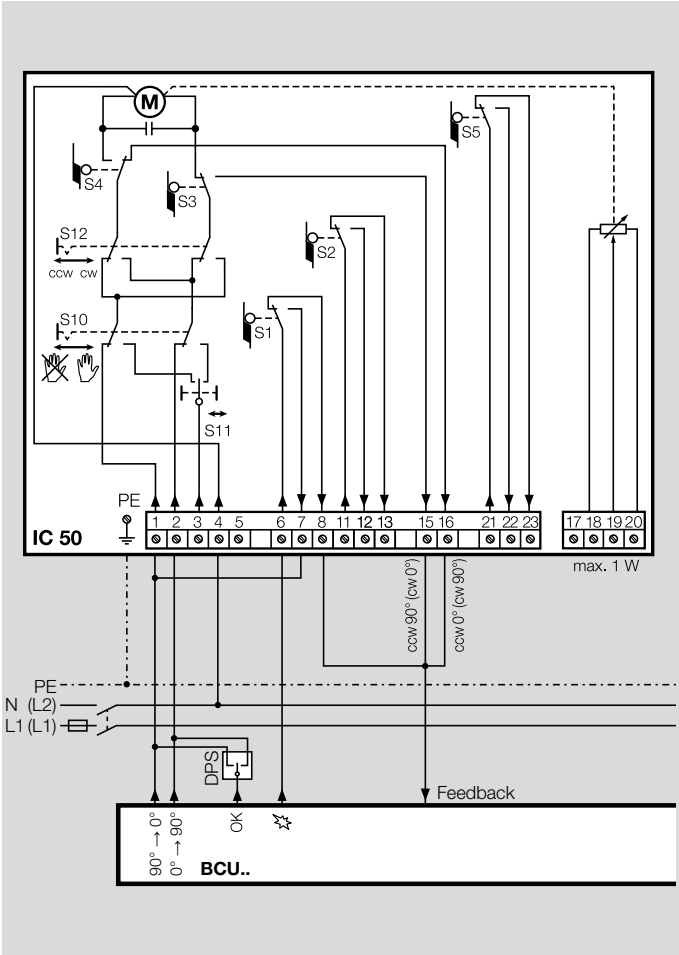


The BCU controls pre-purge and moves the butterfly valve to pre-purge and ignition positions.

Once the BCU has started the burner, the modulation enable signal is issued via terminal 5 (OK).

Actuator IC 20..E reacts to the (0) 4–20 mA or 0–10 V set-point specification signals.

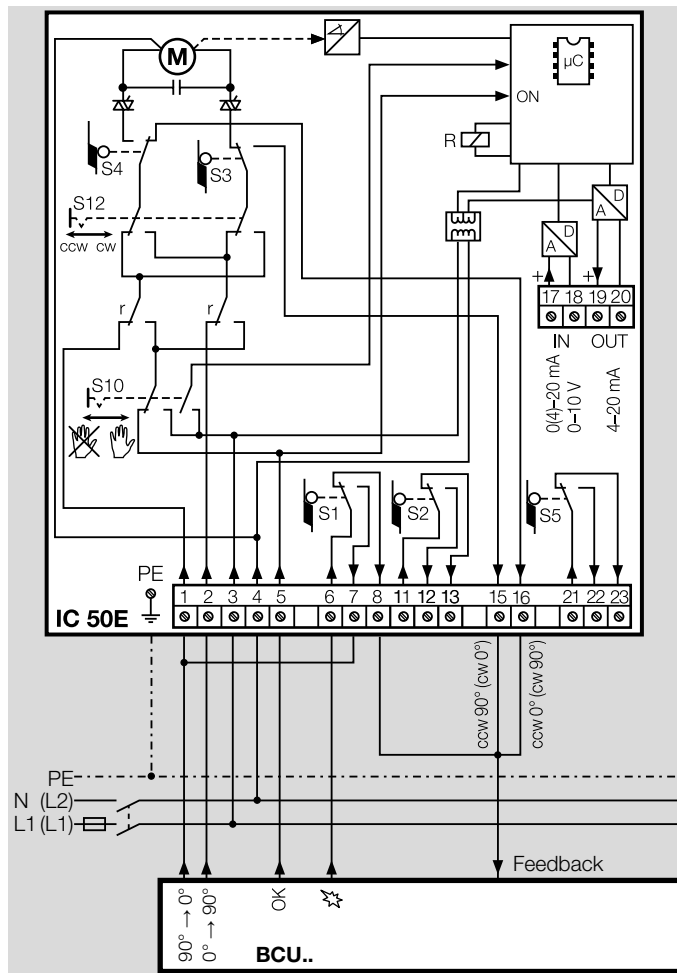
1.4.6 IC 50, three-point step control with burner control unit BCU



The BCU moves the butterfly valve to pre-purge and ignition positions. After pre-purge and burner start, the controller enable signal is issued to an external three-point step controller which positions the butterfly valve in accordance with the capacity demand.

Once the pre-purge or ignition position has been reached, a feedback signal is sent to the BCU.

1.4.7 IC 50..E, continuous control with burner control unit BCU



The BCU controls pre-purge and moves the butterfly valve to pre-purge and ignition positions.

Once the BCU has started the burner, the modulation enable signal is issued via terminal 5 (OK). Actuator IC 50..E reacts to the (0) 4–20 mA or 0–10 V setpoint specification signals.

2 Certification

2.1 Certificate download

Certificates – see www.docuthek.com

2.2 EU certified

IC 20, IC 50



- 2014/35/EU (LVD), Low Voltage Directive
- 2014/30/EU (EMV), Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- 2011/65/EU – RoHS II
- 2015/863/EU – RoHS III
- EN 60730:2011

2.3 ANSI/CSA approved

IC 20..Q, IC 50..Q (120 V AC) only



Canadian Standards Association – ANSI/UL 429 and CSA C22.2

2.4 Eurasian Customs Union



The products IC 20, IC 50 meet the technical specifications of the Eurasian Customs Union.

3 Function

The actuator moves towards 0° or 90° if it is energized electrically at the related terminal. If the voltage is disconnected, the actuator stops in its current position. A high holding torque when de-energized renders additional braking elements superfluous. The low-fire and high-fire rates are adjusted using infinitely adjustable switching cams. An integrated feedback potentiometer (optional on IC 20, IC 30) makes it possible to monitor the current position of the actuator.

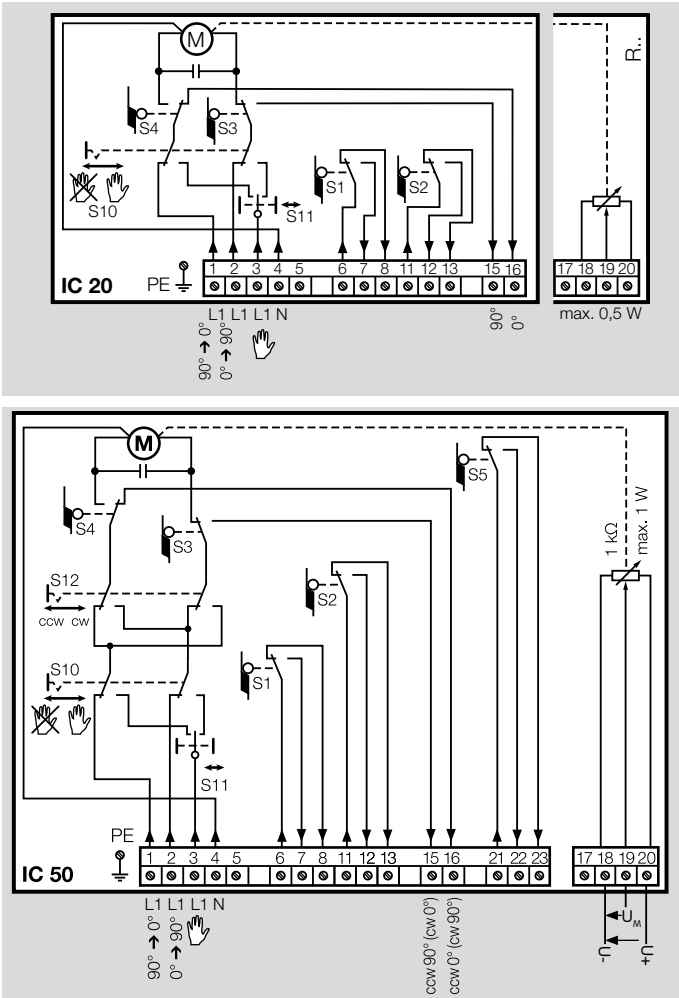
Automatic/Manual mode

Switchover between Automatic and Manual mode facilitates setting of the infinitely adjustable switching cams during commissioning. This enables precise settings even in the low-fire rate range.

The switching point is set directly on the cams.

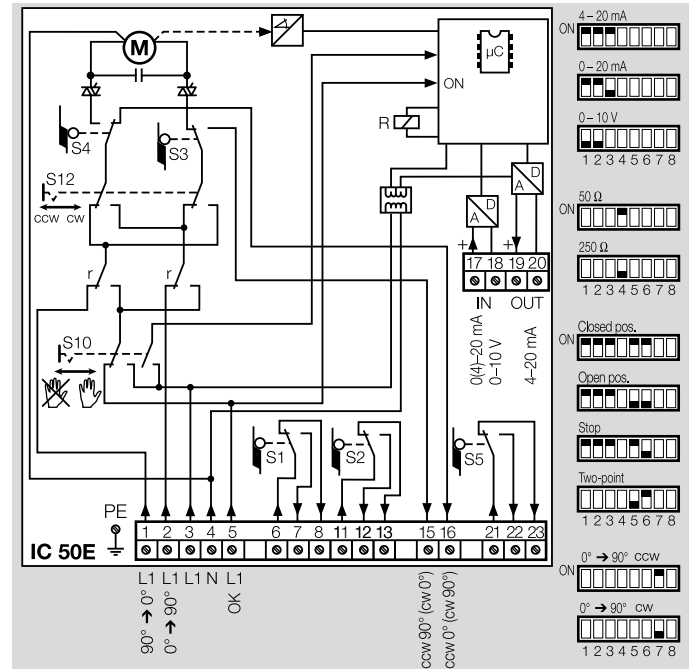
External devices can be activated or intermediate positions can be checked via additional, floating, infinitely adjustable switches. The IC 30 has one adjustable switching cam, the IC 20 has two and the IC 50 has three.

3.1 IC 20..T, IC 50..T connection diagram



Three-point step control

In the case of default setting “Closed”: The control element opens until switch S3 trips when voltage is applied to terminal 2. The control element closes until S4 trips when voltage is applied to terminal 1, see page 29 (5 Project planning information).



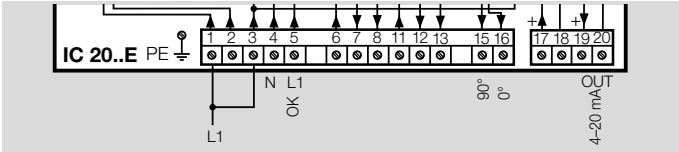
The IC..E offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator via terminals 19 and 20, see page 29 (5 Project planning information).

Three-point step control

No voltage at terminal 5. Voltage must be applied to terminals 3 and 4 continuously.

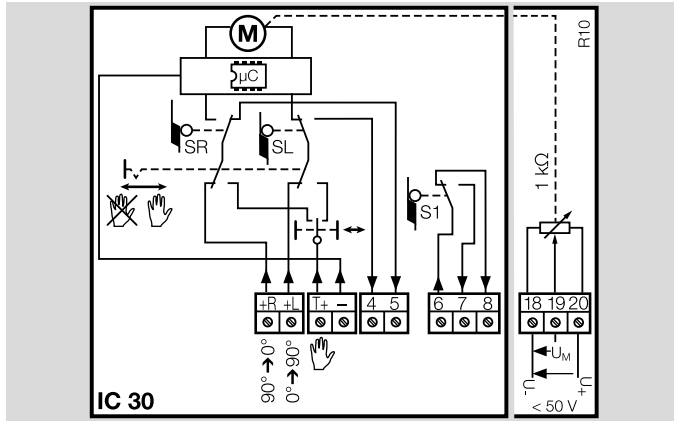
Two-point step control must be deactivated at the DIP switch.

Two-point step control



Connect voltage to terminals 1 and 3. Set the DIP switches to 2-point step control. If an input signal is applied to terminal 5 (OK), the actuator opens. If no input signal is applied to terminal 5, the actuator closes.

3.3 IC 30 connection diagram



Three-point step control

In the case of default setting “Closed”: the control element opens when voltage is applied to terminal +L. The control element closes when voltage is applied to terminal +R. To activate Manual mode, voltage must be applied to terminal T+.

Factory setting:

Switching cam SR = minimum opening angle, set to 0°–5°.

Switching cam SL = maximum opening angle, set to 85°–90°.

Switching cam S1 = intermediate position, set to 45° ± 10°.

3.4 IC 20..E display

Manual mode

Blue LED	Red LED	Operating state
Lit	Off	Manual mode
Flashing	Flashing	Calibration (in Manual mode only)

Low-fire/High-fire rate adjustment (in Manual mode only)

Blue LED	Red LED	Operating state
Lit	On for 0.5 s	Min. value $\geq$ max. value*
Off for $\leq$ 0.5 s	Off	Min. or Max. setting accepted

** Value will only be accepted, if the min or max button is pressed for another three seconds.*

Warnings and faults

Blue LED	Red LED	Warning/ fault	Description	Cause
Off	Flashing light (1×)	Warning	The device is in 4–20 mA mode, the input signal is < 3 mA	Cable discontinuity on the 4–20 mA setpoint input
Off	Flashing light (2×)	Warning	Many changes of direction, input signal oscillates	Hysteresis set too small
Off	Flashing light (3×)	Warning	Control range < 1°	Device programming error (min. and max. positions)
Flashing light (1×)	Permanent light	Fault	Calibration not successful	Min. or max. position has not been reached, motor defective, gear defective, potentiometer defective
Flashing light (2×)	Permanent light	Fault	Internal error	Unit defective

3.5 IC 20..E DIP switches

The input signals for the actuator can be set via DIP switches. DIP switch positions that are not indicated can be freely selected.

Choosing the input signal

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

4 – 20 mA

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

0 – 20 mA

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

0 – 10 V

Load impedance of the current input

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

50 Ω

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

250 Ω

Two-point step control

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

Behaviour in the event of cable discontinuity (4–20 mA)

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

Butterfly valve moves to CLOSED position

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

Butterfly valve moves to OPEN position

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6

Butterfly valve stops

3.6 IC 50..E DIP switches

The input signals for the actuator can be set via DIP switches. DIP switch positions that are not indicated can be freely selected.

Choosing the input signal

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

4 – 20 mA

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

0 – 20 mA

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

0 – 10 V

Load impedance of the current input

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

50 Ω

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

250 Ω

Two-point step control

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Behaviour in the event of cable discontinuity (4–20 mA)

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Butterfly valve moves to CLOSED position

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Butterfly valve moves to OPEN position

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Butterfly valve stops

Direction of rotation

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Butterfly valve opens clockwise CW

ON
OFF

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Butterfly valve opens anti-clockwise CCW

4 Selection

4.1 ProFi

A web app selecting the correct product is available at www.adlatus.org.

4.2 Selection table

Description	Code	IC 20	IC 30	IC 50	Condition
Actuator	IC	20	30	50	
Running time [s]/Ad-justment angle [90°]					
3.7/90	-03			03	
7.5/90	-07	07		07	
15/90	-15	15		15	
30/90	-30	30	30	30	
60/90	-60	60	60	60	
Mains voltage					
230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	W	•		•	
120 V AC, 50/60 Hz	Q	•		•	
24 V AC, 50/60 Hz	H			•	
24 V DC	K		•		
Torque					
2 Nm	2	2.5			
3 Nm	3	3	3	3 ¹⁾	
7 Nm	7			7 ¹⁾	
15 Nm	15			15 ¹⁾	
20 Nm	20			20 ¹⁾	
30 Nm	30			30 ¹⁾	
Controlled by contin-uous signal	E	•		•	
Three-point step con-trol	T	•	•	•	
With 1000 Ω feed-back potentiometer	R10*	•	•	•	For a version without R10, this specification is omitted

¹⁾ In the case of actuator IC 50, the torque depends on the running time.

Order example

IC 50-15W15TR10

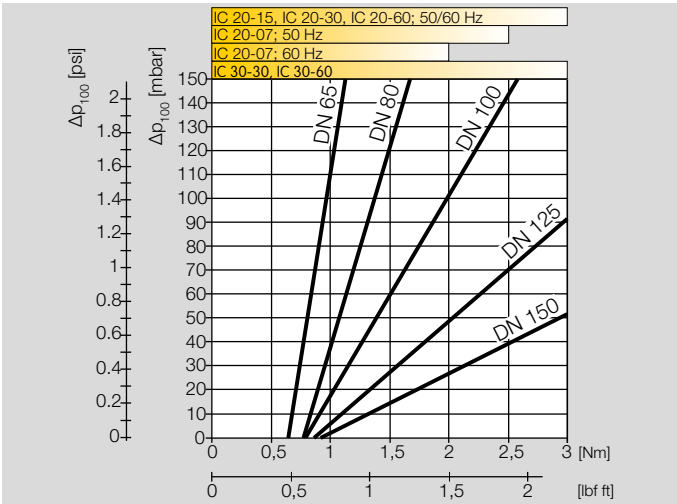
4.3 Butterfly valve torque, actuator running time

The characteristic curves relate to the maximum torque produced by the flow rate. In general, maximum torque is reached at approx. 70°.

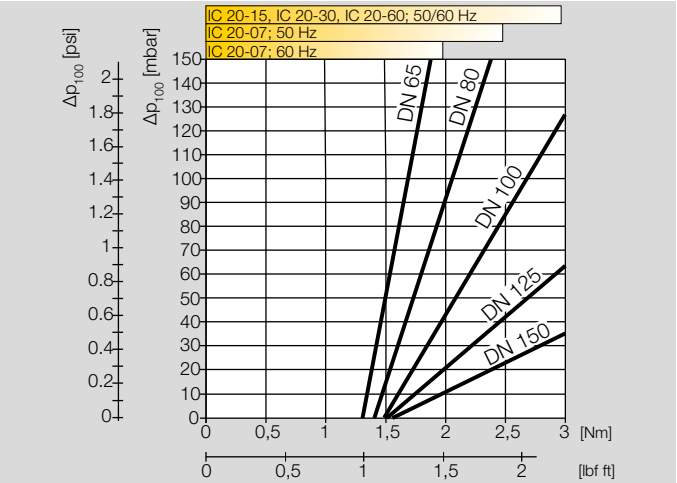
The running time of the actuator per 90° depends on the required torque.

The running time is reduced by a factor of 0.83 at a frequency of 60 Hz on the actuator.

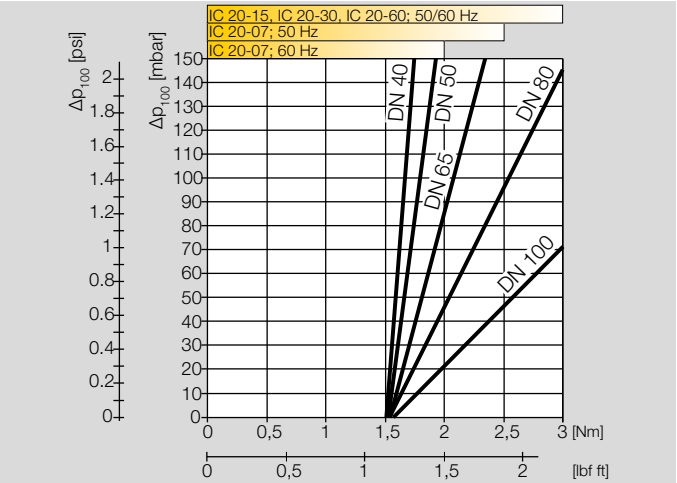
IC 20/IC 30 with BVG, BVA



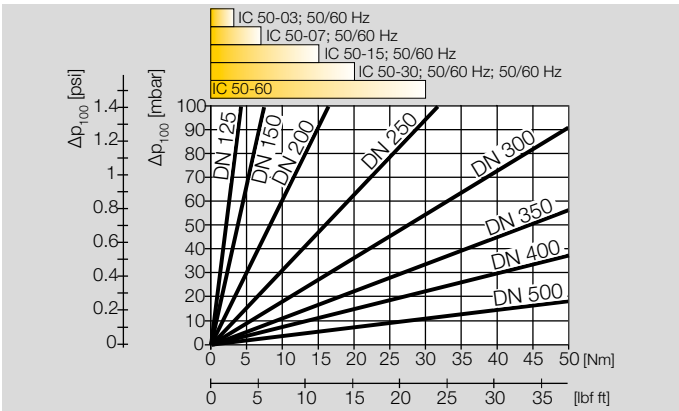
IC 20 with BVGF, BVAF



IC 20 with BVH



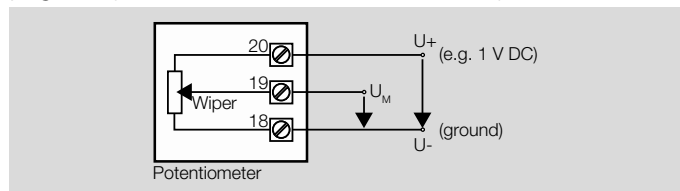
IC 50 with DKR



4.4 IC 20, IC 30, IC 50 position feedback

A feedback potentiometer offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator.

In the case of actuator IC 30, IC 50, the feedback potentiometer is included in the delivery. In the case of actuator IC 20, the feedback potentiometer can be retrofitted, see page 32 (6.1.5 Potentiometer installation set).



It must be utilized as a voltage divider.

The change in position of the potentiometer wiper (which corresponds to the actuator position) can be measured as a changing voltage between U_M and U_- .

Other circuit layouts produce measurement results that are inaccurate and do not remain stable over a long period of time or are non-reproducible. They also reduce the service life of the feedback potentiometer.

IC 30: once the switching cams have been adjusted, the potentiometer automatically adjusts itself to the setting travel via the integrated slip clutch.

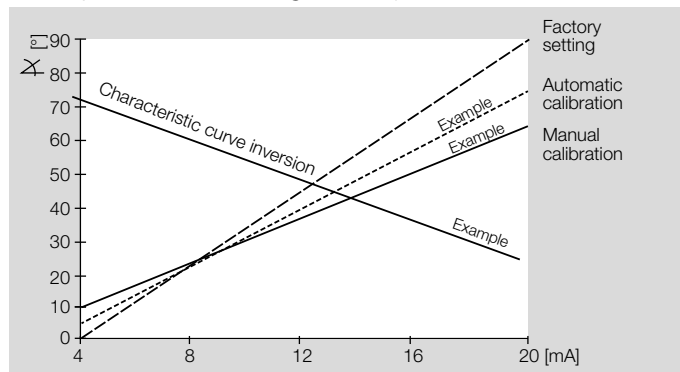
IC 20..E, IC 50..E

The IC..E offers the option of monitoring the current position of the actuator via the continuous 4–20 mA output signal (terminals 19 and 20).

Position feedback at terminals 15 and 16: interference suppression capacitors installed in the system must only be used in conjunction with a series resistor so as not to exceed the maximum switch-on current – see page 37 (7 Technical data).

4.5 IC 20..E, IC 50..E, continuous control: adapting the input signal to the adjustment angle

The continuous signal corresponds to the adjustment angle to be approached (e.g. with a 0 to 20 mA signal, 10 mA correspond to a valve angle of 45°).



Automatic calibration

If the factory setting is changed, the mA signal for the minimum and maximum opening angles must be confirmed via automatic calibration. The setpoint specification will then correspond to the setting of switching cams S3 and S4.

Manual calibration

If the mA signal is to be used for modulation between the minimum and maximum opening angles, the signal is set via manual calibration.

Characteristic curve inversion

If the mA value for low fire has to be greater than the mA value for high fire: press the min or max button until the red LED lights up briefly (approx. 0.5 seconds) and hold it in for approx. 3 seconds more until the blue LED goes out briefly (approx. 0.5 seconds).

5 Project planning information

5.1 Installation

Installation position

IC 20, IC 50:

vertical or horizontal, not upside down.

IC 30 with VFC:

as required; IC 30 with BVA/BVG: not upside down.

If the actuator is used with hot air, the pipeline should be adequately insulated so as to reduce the ambient temperature. In order to avoid overheating, the flanges and butterfly valve must not be insulated.

Use heat deflectors for a medium temperature of $> 250^{\circ}\text{C}$, see IC 20, page 32 (6.1.1 Heat deflector), and IC 50, page 35 (6.3.1 Heat deflector).

IC 20

In order to mount actuator IC 20 onto control elements other than DKL, DKG, BVA, BVAF, BVG, BVGF, BVH, BVHS or VFC, the attachment set for “single application” is required, see page 32 (6.1.4 “Single application” attachment set).

IC 30

In order to mount actuator IC 30 onto linear flow control VFC, an adapter set is required, see page 34 (6.2.1 Adapter set IC 30) or page 34 (6.2.2 Adapter set IC 30 for BVA/BVG).

IC 50

Actuator IC 50 can be mounted directly onto a wall using a bracket, see page 35 (6.3.2 Wall mounting bracket).

Attachment sets are available for mounting to butterfly valve DKR, see page 36 (6.3.3 Attachment sets).

5.2 Cable selection

Install supply and signal lines separately.

Cables should be installed well away from high-voltage lines of other devices.

IC 30: feedback potentiometer lines should be equipped with additional shielding.

Observe EMC Directive for installation of signal lines.

Use cables with wire end ferrules.

Cable cross-section: max. 2.5 mm^2 .

Conductors which have not been connected (spare conductors) must be insulated at their ends.

CSA requires temperature-resistant cables ($\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$).

5.3 Electrical connection

IC 20, IC 50: running times are reduced by a factor of 0.83 at 60 Hz compared to 50 Hz.

When operating two or more actuators in parallel, the three-point step controller (terminals 1 and 2) must be electrically isolated to avoid leakage currents. We recommend using relays.

Interference suppression capacitors installed in the system must only be used in conjunction with a series resistor so as not to exceed the maximum current – see page 37 (7 Technical data).

IC 20..E, IC 50..E: three-point step control

When no voltage is applied to terminal 5, three-point step control is active. Two-point step control must be switched off at the DIP switch.

5.4 IC 50, IC 50..E: changing the direction of rotation

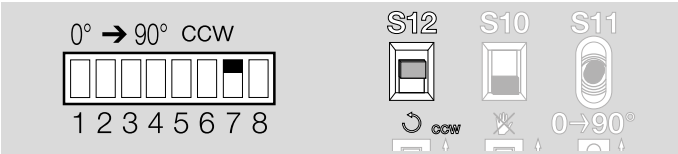
The function of switching cams S3/S4 changes if the direction of rotation ccw/cw (anticlockwise/clockwise) is modified. The actuator is set to ccw at the factory.

ccw: S3 = maximum angle, S4 = minimum angle.

cw: S3 = minimum angle, S4 = maximum angle.

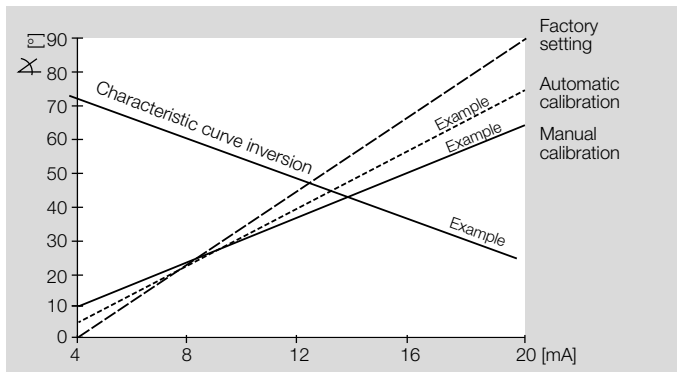
IC 50..E

When changing the direction of rotation, both DIP switch 7 and switch S12 must be in the same position (cw/ccw).



5.5 IC 20..E, IC 50..E, continuous control: adapting the input signal to the adjustment angle

The continuous signal corresponds to the adjustment angle to be approached (e.g. with a 0 to 20 mA signal, 10 mA correspond to a valve angle of 45°).



Automatic calibration

If the factory setting is changed, the mA signal for the minimum and maximum opening angles must be confirmed via automatic calibration. The setpoint specification will then correspond to the setting of switching cams S3 and S4.

Manual calibration

If the mA signal is to be used for modulation between the minimum and maximum opening angles, the signal is set via manual calibration.

Characteristic curve inversion

If the mA value for low fire has to be greater than the mA value for high fire: press the min or max button until the red LED lights up briefly (approx. 0.5 seconds) and hold it in for

approx. 3 seconds more until the blue LED goes out briefly (approx. 0.5 seconds).

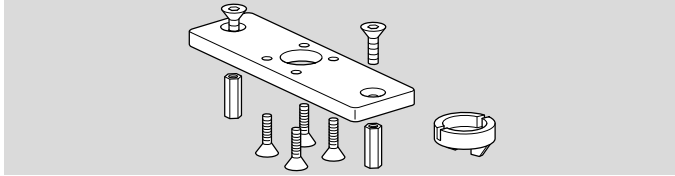
5.6 Using the IC 50 to replace the GT 50

If a GT 50 is upgraded to an IC 50, it must be noted that the feedback potentiometers on both actuators have different adjustment ranges. IC 50: 0–90°

The zero positions may differ from each other.

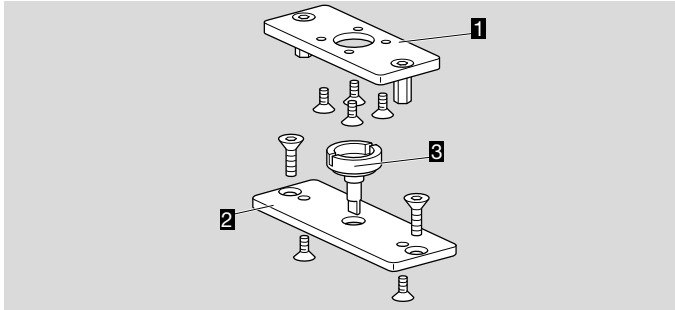
6.2 IC 30

6.2.1 Adapter set IC 30



To attach the IC 30 to the linear flow control VFC.
The adapter set is delivered enclosed as an additional item.
IC 30/VFC /B, Order No. 74340194

6.2.2 Adapter set IC 30 for BVA/BVG



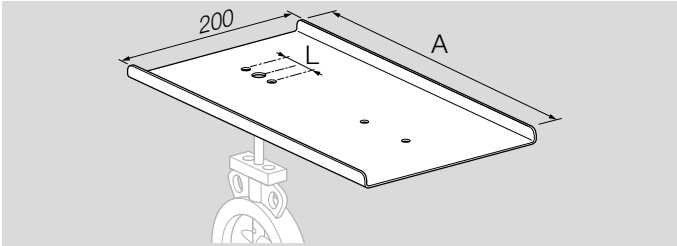
For the assembly of IC 30 and BVA, BVG.
Adapter set IC 30/BVA/BVG, Order No.: 74924996.

- 1** Adapter set IC 30
- 2** Adapter plate BVA/BVG
- 3** Coupling

6.3 IC 50

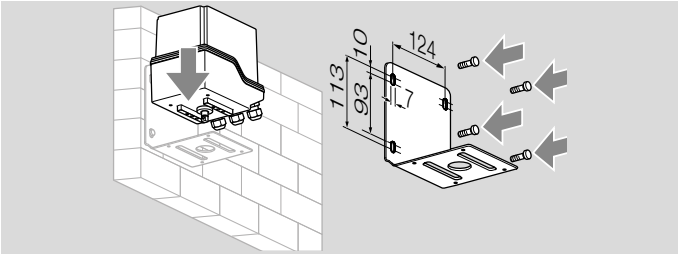
6.3.1 Heat deflector

Install heat deflectors in order to protect the actuator from overheating if the medium temperature is > 250°C. Heat deflectors are only used in combination with an attachment set with linkage. If used in conjunction with butterfly valves DKR, heat deflectors of various dimensions can be installed.



	L	A	Order No.
DKR 15–20	40	366	74924966
DKR 25–32	40	366	74924967
DKR 40–50	40	366	74924968
DKR 65–100	40	366	74924969
DKR 125	40	459	74924970
DKR 150–250	60	459	74924971
DKR 300	60	566	74924972
DKR 350	90	619	74924973
DKR 400–500	90	758	74924974

6.3.2 Wall mounting bracket



The actuator can be attached to a solid structure using the wall mounting bracket.
Order No.: 74924791

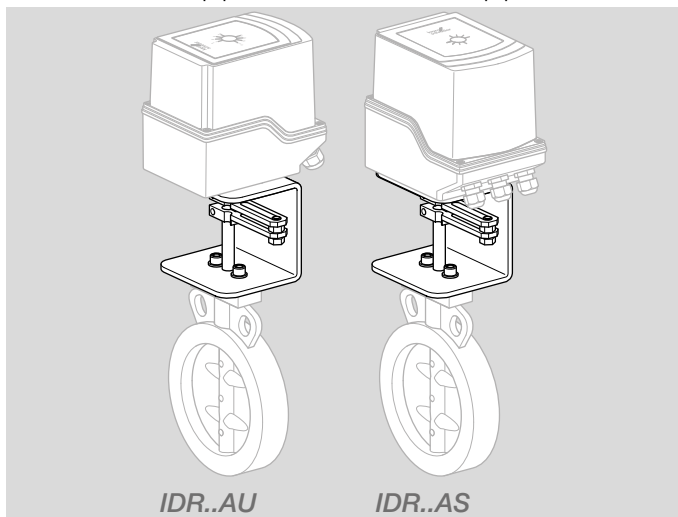
6.3.3 Attachment sets

Pre-assembled combinations of actuators, attachment sets and butterfly valves are available as models IDR up to nominal size DN 300.

The actuator, attachment set and butterfly valve can also be ordered separately.

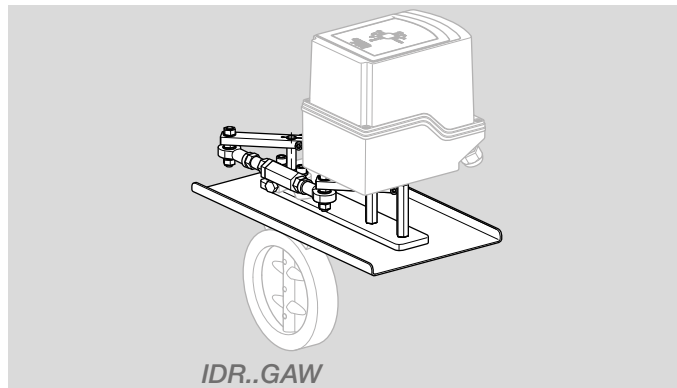
Axial mounting

The actuator can be rotated in increments of 90° to be mounted to the U bracket. The connections are then positioned above the pipe or to the side of the pipe.



Attachment with linkage

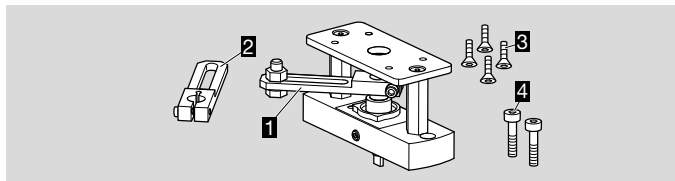
Depending on the type of butterfly valve (DKR..A = butterfly valve with stop bar, DKR..D = butterfly valve with disc clearance), the attachment set with linkage is available with or without shock suppressor. The actuator may be installed rotated by 180°.



For further information on the attachment sets, see [Technical Information: Butterfly valves DKR](#).

6.3.4 Adapter set IC 50 for BVA/BVG

An adapter set can be supplied for the assembly of BVA/BVG and IC 50.



Order No.: 74926243

- 1 Adapter set IC 50
- 2 Top oblong-hole lever for actuator IC 50
- 3 4 x M5 countersunk screws
- 4 2 x M6 set screws

7 Technical data

Icing, condensation and dew in the unit are not permitted.

Avoid direct sunlight or radiation from red-hot surfaces on the unit.

Note the maximum ambient temperatures.

Avoid corrosive influences, e.g. salty ambient air or SO₂.

The unit may only be stored/installed in enclosed rooms/buildings.

Long-term use in the upper ambient temperature range accelerates the ageing of the elastomer materials and reduces the service life.

The components must not be cleaned with high pressure and aggressive products.

Maximum installation height: 2000 m AMSL.

7.1 Specific ambient conditions – IC 20

Enclosure: IP 64 (6 = Complete protection from contact (dust-tight), 4 = Protection against water splashes from any direction (0.07 l/min));
in conjunction with BVH: IP 65 (6 = Complete protection from contact (dust-tight), 5 = Protection against low-pressure water jets from any direction (12.5 l/min)),
NEMA 2 (for indoor use only, provides protection against the ingress of dripping and lightly splashed water, but this does not apply to rain); in conjunction with BVG, BVA or BVH: NEMA 3 Raintight and Dusttight only (protection against rain and windblown dust).
Safety class: I.
Ambient temperature: -20 to +60°C.
Storage temperature: -20 to +40°C.
Transport temperature = ambient temperature.

7.2 Electrical data – IC 20

Mains voltage:
120 V AC, -15/+10%, 50/60 Hz,
230 V AC, -15/+10%, 50/60 Hz.
Screw terminals using the elevator principles for cables up to 4 mm² (single core cables) and for cables up to 2.5 mm² with wire end ferrules.
Contact rating of the cam switches:

Voltage	Min. current (resistive load)	Max. current (resistive load)
24–230 V, 50/60 Hz	1 mA	2 A
24 V DC	1 mA	100 mA

Duty cycle: 100%.

Electrical connection:
Line entrance: 3 x M20 plastic cable glands.

IC 20

Power consumption:
4.9 VA at 50 Hz, 5.8 VA at 60 Hz.
Resistance of the feedback potentiometer:
1 kΩ, max. 0.5 W.

IC 20..E

Power consumption:
terminals 1, 2 and 5:
4.9 VA at 50 Hz, 5.8 VA at 60 Hz,
terminal 3:
8.4 VA at 50 Hz, 9.5 VA at 60 Hz,
in total not exceeding:
8.4 VA at 50 Hz, 9.5 VA at 60 Hz.
Feedback output: electrically isolated,
max. 500 Ω load impedance.

The output is always active when mains voltage is applied to terminal 3.

Input: electrically isolated,
4 (0)–20 mA: load impedance switchable between 50 Ω and 250 Ω,
0–10 V: 100 kΩ input resistance.

7.3 Mechanical data – IC 20

Angle of rotation: 0–90°, adjustable.

Holding torque = torque.

Type	Running time [s/90°]		Torque [Nm]	
	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz
IC 20-07	7.5	6.25	2.5	2
IC 20-15	15	12.5	3	3
IC 20-30	30	25	3	3
IC 20-60	60	50	3	3

7.4 Specific ambient conditions – IC 30

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature:

-15 to +60°C.

Storage temperature: -15 to +40°C.

Enclosure: IP 65 (6 = Complete protection from contact (dust-tight), 5 = Protection against low-pressure water jets from any direction (12.5 l/min)).

7.5 Electrical data – IC 30

Mains voltage: 24 V DC, ±20%.

Screw terminals using the elevator principles for cables up to 2.5 mm² with wire end ferrules.

Line entrance for electrical connection: 3 x M16 plastic cable glands (enclosed).

Contact rating of the cam switches:

Voltage	Min. current (resistive load)	Max. current (resistive load)
24–230 V, 50/60 Hz	1 mA	2 A
24 V DC	1 mA	100 mA

Minimum pulse duration: 100 ms.

Minimum pause between 2 pulses: 100 ms.

Duty cycle: 100%.

Power consumption: 4 W,
when switching on: briefly 8 W.

Resistance of the feedback potentiometer:

1 kΩ, < 50 V,

recommended wiper current: 0.2 µA.

7.6 Mechanical data – IC 30

Angle of rotation: 0–90°, adjustable.

Holding torque = torque.

The running time changes depending on the load. It refers to the torque, see type label.

7.7
Specific ambient conditions – IC 50

Ambient temperature: -20 to +60°C.
Storage temperature: -20 to +40°C.
Enclosure: IP 65 (6 = Complete protection from contact (dust-tight), 5 = Protection against low-pressure water jets from any direction (12.5 l/min)),
NEMA 4 Hosedown only (protection against low-pressure water jets from any direction (240 l/min)).
Safety class: I.

This unit is not suitable for cleaning with a high-pressure cleaner and/or cleaning products.

7.8
Electrical data – IC 50

Mains voltage:
24 V AC, -15/+10%, 50/60 Hz,
120 V AC, -15/+10%, 50/60 Hz,
230 V AC, -15/+10%, 50/60 Hz.

Duty cycle: 100%.

Contact rating of the cam switches:

Voltage	Min. current (resistive load)	Max. current (resistive load)
24–230 V, 50/60 Hz	1 mA	2 A
24 V DC	1 mA	100 mA

Typical designed lifetime:

Switching current	Switching cycles	
	cos φ = 1	cos φ = 0.3
1 mA	1,000,000	–
22 mA	–	1,000,000
100 mA	1,000,000	–
2 A	100,000	–

1) Typical contactor application (230 V, 50/60 Hz, 22 mA, cos φ = 0.3)

Line entrance for electrical connection:
3 x M20 plastic cable glands.
Screw terminals using the elevator principles for cables up to 4 mm² (single core cables) and for cables up to 2.5 mm² with wire end ferrules.
Three-point step signal to terminals 1 and 2: minimum pulse duration: 100 ms,
minimum pause between 2 pulses: 100 ms.
Running time:

Type	Running time [s/90°]		Torque [Nm]
	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz/60 Hz
IC 50-03	3.7	3.1	3
IC 50-07	7.5	6.25	7
IC 50-15	15	12.5	15
IC 50-30	30	25	20
IC 50-60	60	50	30

IC 50

Power consumption:

16 VA at 60 Hz, 13 VA at 50 Hz.

Resistance of the feedback potentiometer: 1 k Ω , max. 1 W,
max. wiper current: 0.1 mA.

IC 50..E

Power consumption:

terminals 1, 2 and 5: 16 VA at 60 Hz, 13 VA at 50 Hz,
terminal 3: 19 VA at 60 Hz, 16 VA at 50 Hz,
in total not exceeding: 19 VA at 60 Hz, 16 VA at 50 Hz.

Feedback output:

electrically isolated, max. 500 Ω load impedance.

The output is always active when mains voltage is applied
to terminal 3.

Input: electrically isolated,

4 (0)–20 mA: load impedance switchable between 50 Ω
and 250 Ω ,

0–10 V: 100 k Ω input resistance.

7.9 Mechanical data – IC 50

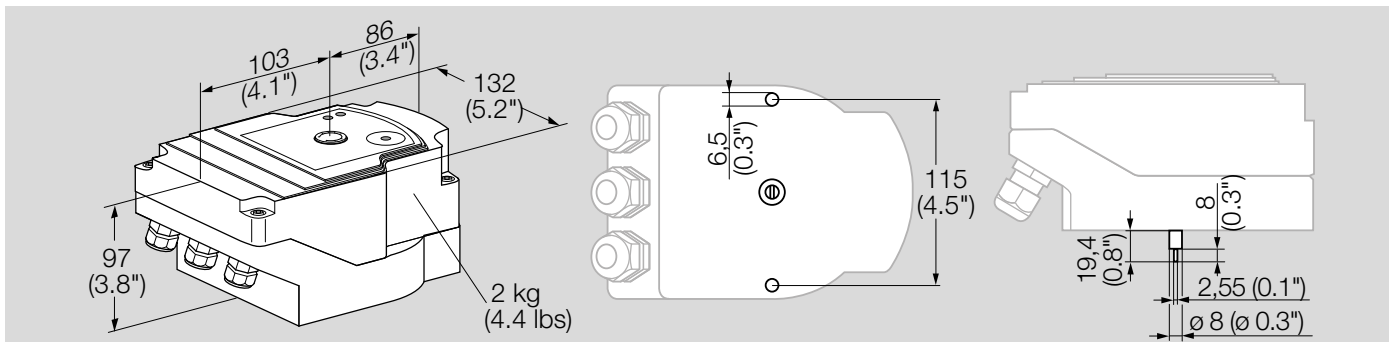
Housing cover: PC + ABS.

Lower housing section: aluminium.

Angle of rotation: 0–90°, adjustable.

Holding torque = torque.

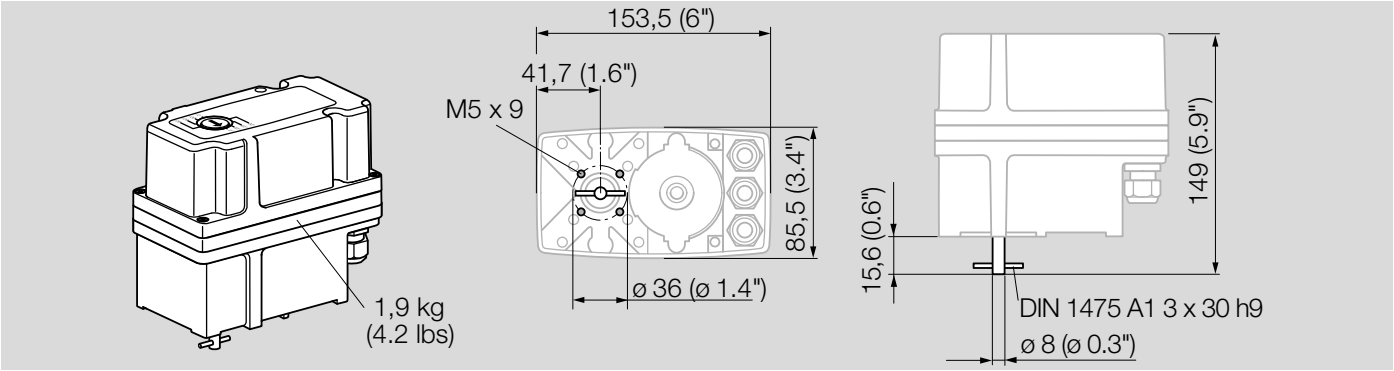
7.10 IC 20 dimensions



Other dimensions of IC 20 with butterfly valves BV..., see [Technical Information: Butterfly valves BVG, BVA, BVH](#)

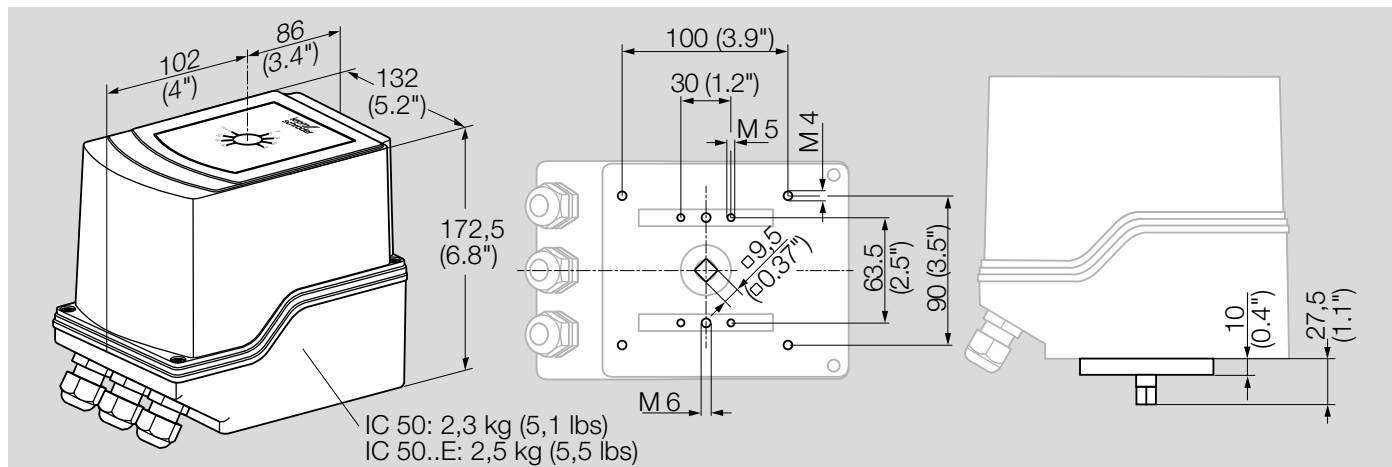
Dimensions of IC 20 with VFC, see [Technical Information: Linear flow controls VFC](#)

7.11 IC 30 dimensions



Dimensions of IC 30 with VFC, see [Technical Information](#):
[Linear flow controls VFC](#)

7.12 IC 50 dimensions



Dimensions of IC 50 with butterfly valve DKR and various attachment sets, see Technische Information: Drosselklappen DKR.

For more information

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