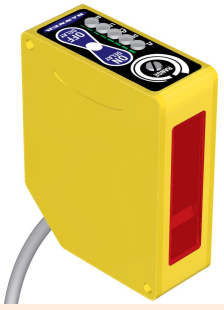
# Features



- Long-range adjustable-field background suppression sensor detects objects within a defined sensing field, and ignores objects located beyond the sensing field cutoff
- Powerful visible red laser sensing beam, class 1 and class 2 models available
- Two-turn, logarithmic cutoff point adjustment for easy setting of cutoff point at long range; rotating pointer indicates relative cutoff point setting
- Easy push-button or remote programming of light/dark operate and output timing; continuous status indicators verify all settings at a glance
- Output ON and/or OFF delays adjustable from 8 milliseconds to 16 seconds
- Tough ABS/polycarbonate blend housing is rated IEC IP67; NEMA 6
- Models available for 10 V DC to 30 V DC operation or universal voltage (12 V DC to 250 V DC or 24 V AC to 250 V AC, 50/60 Hz)

**WARNING:**

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.

# Models

*Class 1 Laser Models*

| Models | Cutoff Point | Cable | Supply Voltage | Output Type |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Q60BB6LAF1400 | Adjustable:<br>200 mm to 1400 mm (8 in to 55 in) | 5-wire 2 m (6.5 ft) | 10 V DC to 30 V DC | Bipolar NPN/PNP |
| Q60BB6LAF1400Q | | 5-pin M12 quick-disconnect | | |
| Q60BB6LAF1400QP | | 5-pin M12 quick-disconnect 150 mm (6 in) | | |
| Q60VR3LAF1400 | | 5-wire 2 m (6.5 ft) | Universal Voltage<br>12 V DC to 250 V DC<br>or<br>24 V AC to 250 V AC | E/M Relay (SPDT), normally closed and normally open contacts |
| Q60VR3LAF1400Q1 | | 4-pin 1/2 in-20UNF quick-disconnect | | E/M Relay (SPST), normally open contact |

*Class 2 Laser Models*

| Models | Cutoff Point | Cable | Supply Voltage | Output Type |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Q60BB6LAF2000 | Adjustable:<br>200 mm to 2000 mm (8 in to 80 in) | 5-wire 2 m (6.5 ft) | 10 V DC to 30 V DC | Bipolar NPN/PNP |
| Q60BB6LAF2000Q | | 5-pin M12 quick-disconnect | | |
| Q60BB6LAF2000QP | | 5-pin M12 quick-disconnect 150 mm (6 in) | | |
| Q60VR3LAF2000 | | 5-wire 2 m (6.5 ft) | Universal Voltage<br>12 V DC to 250 V DC<br>or<br>24 V AC to 250 V AC | E/M Relay (SPDT), normally closed and normally open contacts |
| Q60VR3LAF2000Q1 | | 4-pin 1/2 in-20UNF quick-disconnect | | E/M Relay (SPST), normally open contact |

To order the 9 m (30 ft) PVC cable model, add the suffix "W/30" to the cabled model number. For example, Q60BB6LAF1400 W/30. Models with a quick disconnect require a mating cordset.

# Overview

The Q60LAF sensor is a full-featured adjustable-field sensor. These adjustable-field sensors are able to detect objects of relatively low reflectivity, while ignoring other objects in the background (beyond the cutoff point). The cutoff distance is mechanically adjustable, using the two-turn adjustment screw on the top of the sensor. A rotating pointer indicates the relative cutoff position. The indicator moves clockwise to show increasing distance.

The collimated laser emitter produces a small, bright spot, allowing easy alignment and precision sensing of relatively small objects at long range.

Original Instructions
07-Nov-25

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114348
p/n: 114348 Rev. B

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Two push buttons (ON Delay and OFF Delay) are used to set the output delay options, to toggle between light and dark operate modes and to lock out the push buttons for security purposes. These functions also may be accomplished using the remote wire (available on some models).

Seven LED indicators show, during RUN mode, the sensor configuration and operating status. During Delay Configuration, five of the LEDs combine to form a single light bar that indicates relative ON or OFF delay time.

**NOTE:** When an object approaches from the side, the most reliable sensing usually occurs when the line of approach is parallel to the sensing axis.

**NOTE:** Sensing at closer than the minimum specified range is not guaranteed.

## Features and Indicators

**NOTE:** Outputs are active during on/off timing selection mode.

**ON Delay**

Steady Green: Run mode, ON delay is active

Flashing Green: ON Delay Selection mode is active

**OFF Delay**

Steady Green: Run mode, OFF delay is active

Flashing Green: OFF Delay Selection mode is active

**5-Segment Light Bar**

Indicates relative delay time during ON or OFF Delay Selection modes

**Output Indicator**

Steady Amber: Outputs are conducting
Steady Green: During ON/OFF Delay Selection modes

**Dark Operate Indicator**

Steady Green: Dark Operate is selected

**Lockout Indicator**

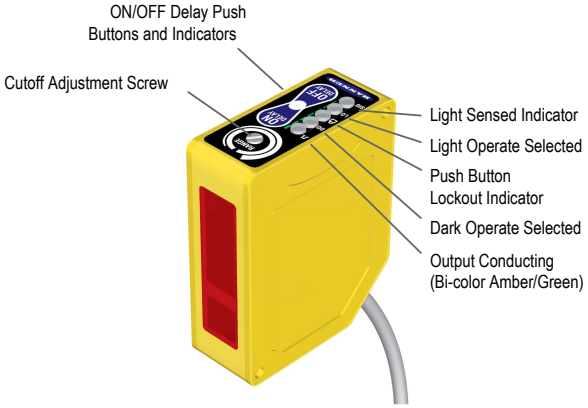
Steady Green: Buttons are locked out

**Light Operate Indicator**

Steady Green: Light Operate is selected

**Signal Indicator**

Steady Green: Sensor is receiving signal
Flashing Green: Marginal signal (1.0 to 2.25 excess gain)




The indicators also function as a 5-segment light bar during delay selection modes.

## Adjustable-Field Sensing—Theory of Operation

The Q60LAF compares the reflections of its emitted light beam (E) from an object back to the sensor's two differently-aimed detectors R1 and R2 (see "Figure: Adjustable field sensing concept" on page 3). If the near detector (R1) light signal is stronger than the far detector (R2) light signal (see object A, closer than the cutoff distance), the sensor responds to the object. If the far detector (R2) light signal is stronger than the near detector (R1) light signal (see object B, object beyond the cutoff distance), the sensor ignores the object.

The cutoff distance for these sensors is adjustable. Objects lying beyond the cutoff distance are ignored, even if they are highly reflective. However, it is possible to falsely detect a background object, under certain conditions (see "Background Reflectivity and Placement" on page 4).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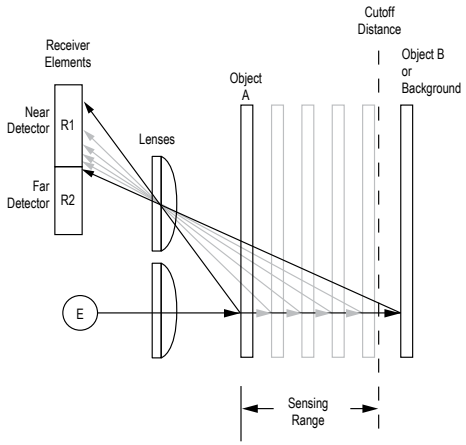
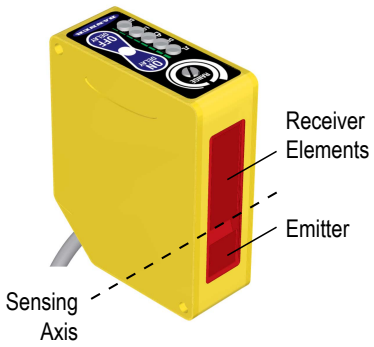
*Adjustable field sensing concept*



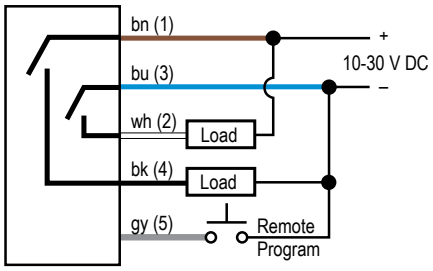
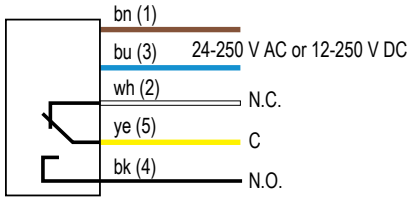

*Sensing Axis*




In the drawings and information provided in this document, the letters E, R1, and R2 identify how the sensor's three optical elements (Emitter "E", Near Detector "R1", and Far Detector "R2") line up across the face of the sensor. The location of these elements defines the sensing axis (see "Figure: Sensing Axis" on page 3). The sensing axis becomes important in certain situations, such as in the Object Beyond Cutoff illustrations in "Background Reflectivity and Placement" on page 4.

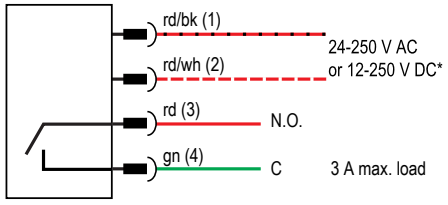
# Installation

## Wiring Diagrams

| Q60BB6xx(Q) (Cabled and QD Models, 10 V DC to 30 V DC) | Q60VR3xx (Cabled Model, 24 V AC to 250 V AC (50/60Hz) or 12 V DC to 250 V DC) | Key |
|---|---|---|
|  |  | 1 = Brown<br>2 = White<br>3 = Blue<br>4 = Black<br>5 = Gray |





| Q60VR3xxQ1 (QD Model, 24 V AC to 250 V AC (50/60Hz) or 12 V DC to 250 V DC) | Key |
|---|---|
| <br>*NOTE: Connection of DC power is without regard to polarity. | 1 = Red/Black<br>2 = Red/White<br>3 = Red<br>4 = Green |



## Set the Cutoff Distance

The cutoff distance for Q60LAF sensors can be adjusted between 200 mm and 1400 mm (8 in to 55 in) for Class 1 Laser models; and between 200 mm and 2000 mm (8 in to 80 in) for Class 2 Laser models.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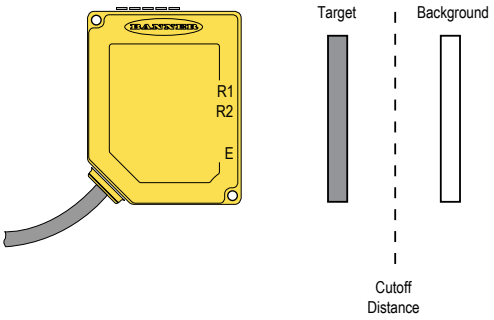
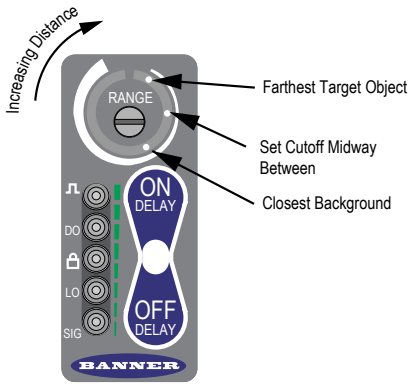
To maximize contrast, position the lightest possible background to be used, at the closest position it will come to the sensor during use. Using a small screwdriver in the adjustment screw, adjust the cutoff distance until the threshold is reached and the green Light Sensed indicator changes state. If the indicator never turns ON, the background is beyond the maximum sensing cutoff and will be ignored. Note the position of the rotating cutoff position indicator at this position. Then repeat the procedure, using the darkest target, placed in its most distant position for sensing. Adjust the cutoff so that the indicator is midway between the two positions.

*Set the cutoff distance approximately midway between the farthest target and the closest background*




*Setting the cutoff distance*




**NOTE:** Setting the cutoff distance adjustment screw to its maximum clockwise position places the receiver lens directly in front of the receiver elements and results in the Q60 performing as a long-range diffuse sensor.

## Sensing Reliability

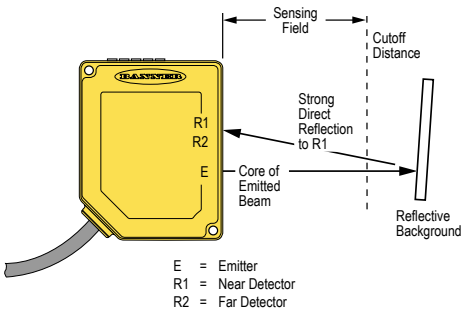
For highest sensitivity, the sensor-to-object distance should be such that the object will be sensed at or near the point of maximum excess gain. The excess gain curves show excess gain versus sensing distance for 200 mm, 1200 mm, and 2 m cutoffs. Maximum excess gain for a 200 mm cutoff occurs at a lens-to-object distance of about 150 mm, and for a 2 m cutoff, at about 500 mm. The background must be placed beyond the cutoff distance. Following these two guidelines makes it possible to detect objects of low reflectivity, even against close-in reflective backgrounds.

## Background Reflectivity and Placement

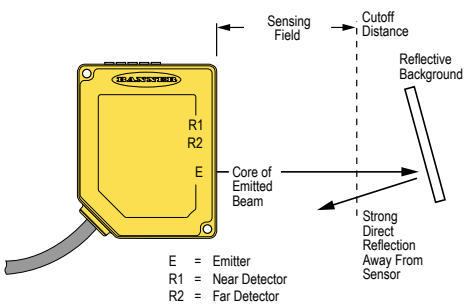
Avoid mirror-like backgrounds that produce specular reflections. A false sensor response occurs if a background surface reflects the sensor's light more to the near detector (R1) than to the far detector (R2). The result is a false ON condition ("Figure: Reflective Background - Problem" on page 4). Correct this problem by using a diffusely reflective (matte) background or angling either the sensor or the background (in any plane) so the background does not reflect light back to the sensor ("Figure: Reflective Background - Solution" on page 4). Position the background as far beyond the cutoff distance as possible.

An object beyond the cutoff distance, either stationary (and when positioned as shown in "Figure: Object Beyond Cutoff - Problem" on page 5), or moving past the face of the sensor in a direction perpendicular to the sensing axis, may cause unwanted triggering of the sensor if more light is reflected to the near detector than to the far detector. Correct the problem by rotating the sensor 90° ("Figure: Object Beyond Cutoff - Solution" on page 5). The object then reflects the R1 and R2 fields equally, resulting in no false triggering. A better solution, if possible, may be to reposition the object or the sensor.

*Reflective Background - Problem*




*Reflective Background - Solution*




Continued on page 5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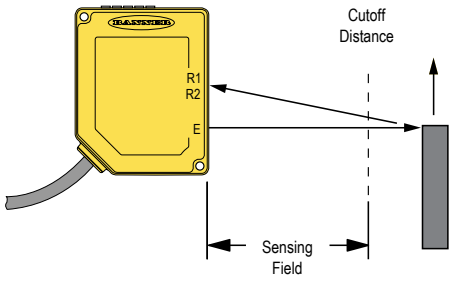
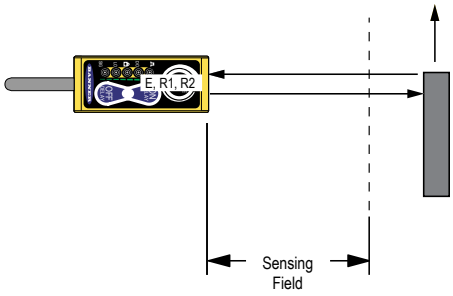
Continued from page 4

*Object Beyond Cutoff - Problem*




A reflective background object in this position or moving across the sensor face in this axis and direction may cause a false sensor response.

*Object Beyond Cutoff - Solution*




A reflective background object in this position or moving across the sensor face in this axis is ignored.

## Color Sensitivity for the Q60 Series Sensor

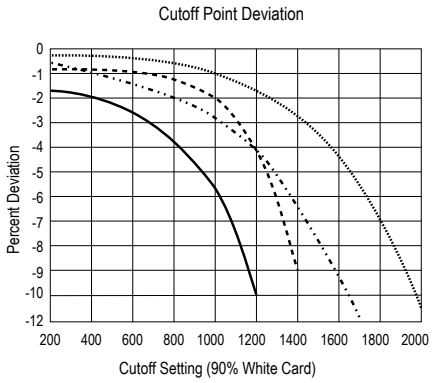
The effects of object reflectivity on cutoff distance, though small, may be important for some applications. It is expected that at any given cutoff setting, the actual cutoff distance for lower reflectance targets is slightly shorter than for higher reflectance targets. This behavior is known as color sensitivity.

These excess gain curves were generated using a white test card of 90% reflectance. Objects with reflectivity of less than 90% reflect less light back to the sensor, and thus require proportionately more excess gain in order to be sensed with the same reliability as more reflective objects. When sensing an object of very low reflectivity, it may be especially important to sense it at or near the distance of maximum excess gain.

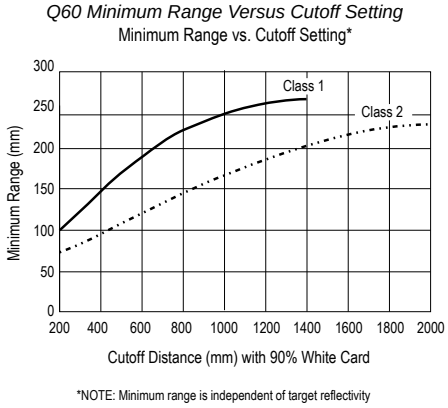
The percentage of deviation indicates a change in the cutoff point for either 18% gray or 6% black targets, relative to the cutoff point set for a 90% reflective white test card.

For example, the cutoff point decreases 10% for a 6% reflectance black target when the cutoff point is adjusted for 1700 mm (67 in) using a 90% reflectance white test card. In other words, the cutoff point for the black target is 1530 mm (60 in) for this setting.

*Cutoff Point Deviation*




*Q60 Minimum Range Versus Cutoff Setting*




*NOTE: Minimum range is independent of target reflectivity

Continued on page 6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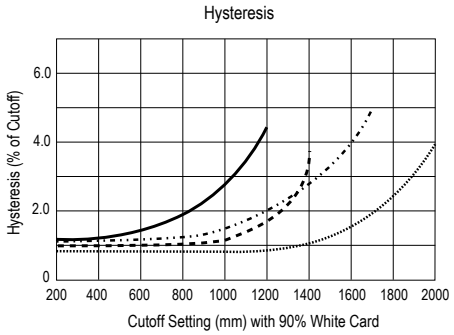
Continued from page 5

*Hysteresis*




Class 1 Laser 18% Gray Card
6% Black Card

Class 2 Laser 18% Gray Card
6% Black Card

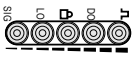
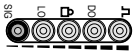
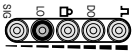
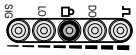
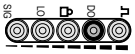
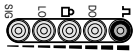
# Configuring a Sensor

## Set the Output Delay

The output of the Q60LAF sensor may be delayed between 0.008 and 16 seconds, in any of 72 increments. Delay is indicated on the 5-segment light bar using single LED segments or combinations of them, in varying stages of intensity.

To set a delay, single-click the appropriate button or pulse the remote wire to enable the process (as described in the following procedures). Then use the + or – button or the appropriate remote wire pulse procedure to increase or decrease the delay (single-click adjusts the delay by one step at a time, and holding the button in provides a rapid increase/decrease).

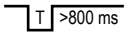
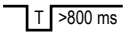
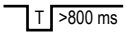
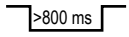
*Major increments, displayed by a single full-intensity LED*

| Step # | Delay Time | LED Status |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | No Delay |  |
| 8 | 0.062 second |  |
| 24 | 0.250 second |  |
| 40 | 1.00 second |  |
| 56 | 4.0 seconds |  |
| 72 | 16 seconds |  |

## Increase or Decrease the ON Delay

T = 40 – 800 ms
Press and Hold > 800 ms unless otherwise noted

### Increase the ON Delay—4-second time-out

| | Enter ON Delay Setup | Enable Delay Increment | Step Increment | Rapid Increment |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Push Button |  | N/A |  |  |
| Remote Input |  |  |  |  |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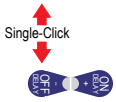
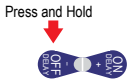
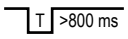
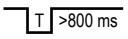
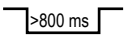
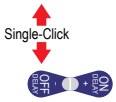
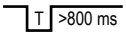
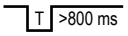
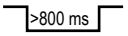
### Decrease the ON Delay—4-second time-out

| | Enter ON Delay Setup | Enable Delay Decrement | Step Decrement | Rapid Decrement |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Push Button |  | N/A |  |  |
| Remote Input |  |  |  |  |

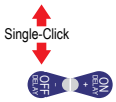
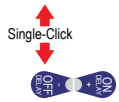
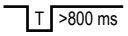
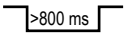
## Increase or Decrease the OFF Delay

T = 40 – 800 ms
Press and Hold > 800 ms unless otherwise noted

### Increase the OFF Delay—4-second time-out

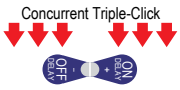
| | Enter OFF Delay Setup | Enable Delay Increment | Step Increment | Rapid Increment |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Push Button |  | N/A |  |  |
| Remote Input |  |  |  |  |

### Decrease the OFF Delay—4-second time-out

| | Enter OFF Delay Setup | Enable Delay Decrement | Step Decrement | Rapid Decrement |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Push Button |  | N/A |  |  |
| Remote Input |  |  |  |  |

## Select Light Operate or Dark Operate

Select Light Operate or Dark Operate mode using the two push buttons or a triple-pulse of the remote line to toggle between the selections.

| | LO/DO Toggle |
|---|---|
| Push Button |  |
| Remote Input |  |

In dark operate (DO) mode, the output is ON when the target returns less light to the sensor than the configured target and OFF when the sensor detects more light than the configured/taught target. In light operate (LO) mode, the output is ON when the target returns the same or more light to the sensor and OFF when the sensor detects less light than the configured/taught target.

In **adjustable field** sensing modes, light operate is active when the target is present and dark operate is active when the target is absent.

## Lock the Push Buttons

For security, the push buttons can be locked out using either the remote line or the push buttons themselves.

| | Push Button Lockout Toggle |
|---|---|
| Push Button |  |

Continued on page 8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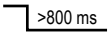
Continued from page 7

| | Push Button Lockout Toggle |
|---|---|
| Remote Input |   |

## Enable or Disable the Laser

The laser is disabled after the remote line is held low for 800 ms and remains disabled until the remote line is released.

**NOTE:** There is a 500 ms maximum delay after the laser is enabled; outputs default to “No Light” state.

| | Disable the Laser |
|---|---|
| Push Button | Not available |
| Remote Input |   |

# Specifications

**Supply Voltage and Current**

Q60BB6LAF models: 10 V DC to 30 V DC (10% maximum ripple) at less than 50 mA exclusive of load

Q60VR3LAF Universal models: 12 V DC to 250 V DC or 24 V AC to 250 V AC, 50/60 Hz

Input power: 1.5 W maximum

**Supply Protection Circuitry**

Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

The DC wiring for model Q60VR3 is without regard to polarity

**Output Configuration**

Q60BB6LAF models: Bipolar; one NPN (current sinking) and one PNP (current sourcing) open-collector transistor

Q60VR3LAF cabled model: E/M Relay (SPDT), normally closed and normally open contacts

Q60VR3LAFQ1 (quick-disconnect) model: E/M Relay (SPST), normally open contact

**Output Rating—Q60BB6LAF models**

150 mA maximum each output @ 25 °C

Off-state leakage current: < 5 µA @ 30 V DC

Output saturation NPN: < 200 mV @ 10 mA and < 1 V @150 mA

Output saturation PNP: < 1 V at 10 mA; < 1.5 V at 150 mA

**Output Rating—Q60VR3LAF Universal models**

Minimum voltage and current: 5 V DC, 10 mA

Mechanical life of relay: 50,000,000 operations

Electrical life of relay at full resistive load: 100,000 operations

Maximum switching power (resistive load):

Cabled models: 1250 VA, 150 W
uick-disconnect models: 750 VA, 90 W

Maximum switching voltage (resistive load):

Cabled models: 250 V AC, 125 V DC
Quick-disconnect models: 250 V AC, 125 V DC

Maximum switching current (resistive load):

Cabled models: 5 A @ 250 V AC, 5 A @ 30 V DC derated to 200 mA @ 125 V DC
uick-disconnect models: 3 A @ 250 V AC, 3 A @ 30 V DC derated to 200 mA @ 125 V DC

**Output Protection Circuitry**

Q60BB6LAF models: Protected against continuous overload or short circuit of outputs

All models: Protected against false pulse on power-up

**NOTE:** 1 second maximum delay at power up (outputs do not conduct during this time)

**Output Response Time**

Q60BB6LAF models: 2 milliseconds ON and OFF

Q60VR3LAF Universal models: 15 milliseconds ON and OFF

**Adjustments**

Slotted, geared, 2-turn, cutoff range adjustment screw (mechanical stops on both ends of travel)

2 momentary push buttons: ON Delay (+) and OFF Delay (–); DC models also have a remote program wire

ON Delay select: 8 ms to 16 seconds
OFF Delay select: 8 ms to 16 seconds
LO/DO select
Push button lockout for security

Laser Enable/Disable (remote wire only)

**Construction**

Housing: ABS polycarbonate blend

Lens: Acrylic

**Environmental Rating**

IP67; NEMA 6

**Connections**

Q60BB6LAF models: 2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) attached cable, integral 5-pin M12 quick-disconnect, or 5-pin M12 150 mm (6 in) quick-disconnect

Q60VR3LAF Universal models: 2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) attached cable, or 5-pin 1/2 in-20UNF 150 mm (6 in) quick-disconnect

**Operating Conditions**

**Temperature:**

Q60BB6LAF models: –10 °C to +50 °C (+14 °F to +122 °F)
Q60VR3LAF Universal models: –10 °C to +45 °C (+14 °F to +113 °F)

90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

**Repeatability**

500 microseconds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**Sensing Hysteresis**

See "Color Sensitivity for the Q60 Series Sensor" on page 5

**Laser Characteristics**

**Spot Size:** approximately 4 × 2 mm throughout range (collimated beam)

**Angle of Divergence:** 5 milliradians

**NOTE:** Contact Banner Engineering for a custom laser spot size.

**Certifications**

Banner Engineering BV
Park Lane, Culliganlaan 2F bus 3
1831 Diegem, BELGIUM

Turck Banner LTD Blenheim House
Blenheim Court
Wickford, Essex SS11 8YT
GREAT BRITAIN

**Required Overcurrent Protection**

**WARNING:** Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.

Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.

Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

For additional product support, go to www.bannerengineering.com.

| Supply Wiring (AWG) | Required Overcurrent Protection (A) | Supply Wiring (AWG) | Required Overcurrent Protection (A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 20 | 5.0 | 26 | 1.0 |
| 22 | 3.0 | 28 | 0.8 |
| 24 | 2.0 | 30 | 0.5 |

## Class 1 Laser Description and Safety Information



**Laser light. Do not stare into the beam.**

Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.




CAUTION:
- **Never stare directly into the sensor lens.**
- Laser light can damage your eyes.
- Avoid placing any mirror-like object in the beam. Never use a mirror as a retroreflective target.

CAUTION:
- **Return defective units to the manufacturer.**
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.
- Do not attempt to disassemble this sensor for repair. A defective unit must be returned to the manufacturer.

CAUTION:
- **Ne regardez jamais directement la lentille du capteur.**
- La lumière laser peut endommager la vision.
- Évitez de placer un objet réfléchissant (de type miroir) dans la trajectoire du faisceau. N'utilisez jamais de miroir comme cible rétro-réfléchissante.

CAUTION:
- **Tout dispositif défectueux doit être renvoyé au fabricant.**
- L'utilisation de commandes, de réglages ou de procédures autres que celles décrites dans le présent document peut entraîner une exposition dangereuse aux radiations.
- N'essayez pas de démonter ce capteur pour le réparer. Tout dispositif défectueux doit être renvoyé au fabricant.

Class 1 lasers are lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Complies with IEC 60825-1:2014 and EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021.

**For safe laser use:**


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- Do not stare at the laser.
- Do not point the laser at a person’s eye.
- Mount open laser beam paths either above or below eye level, where practical.
- Terminate the beam emitted by the laser product at the end of its useful path.

**Class 1 Laser Characteristics**

Output power: <31 µW
Laser wavelength: 655 nm
Pulse duration: 15.5 µs

## Class 2 Laser Description and Safety Information



**Laser light. Do not stare into the beam.**

Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.

**CLASS 2**
**LASER PRODUCT**



**CAUTION:**
- **Never stare directly into the sensor lens.**
- Laser light can damage your eyes.
- Avoid placing any mirror-like object in the beam. Never use a mirror as a retroreflective target.



**CAUTION:**
- **Return defective units to the manufacturer.**
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.
- Do not attempt to disassemble this sensor for repair. A defective unit must be returned to the manufacturer.



**CAUTION:**
- **Ne regardez jamais directement la lentille du capteur.**
- La lumière laser peut endommager la vision.
- Évitez de placer un objet réfléchissant (de type miroir) dans la trajectoire du faisceau. N'utilisez jamais de miroir comme cible rétro-réfléchissante.



**CAUTION:**
- **Tout dispositif défectueux doit être renvoyé au fabricant.**
- L'utilisation de commandes, de réglages ou de procédures autres que celles décrites dans le présent document peut entraîner une exposition dangereuse aux radiations.
- N'essayez pas de démonter ce capteur pour le réparer. Tout dispositif défectueux doit être renvoyé au fabricant.

Class 2 lasers are lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm, where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses, including the blink reflex. This reaction may be expected to provide adequate protection under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Complies with IEC 60825-1:2014 and EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021.

**Class 2 Laser Safety Notes**. Low-power lasers are, by definition, incapable of causing eye injury within the duration of a blink (aversion response) of 0.25 seconds. They also must emit only visible wavelengths (400 nm to 700 nm). Therefore, an ocular hazard may exist only if individuals overcome their natural aversion to bright light and stare directly into the laser beam.

**For safe laser use:**
- Do not stare at the laser.
- Do not point the laser at a person’s eye.
- Mount open laser beam paths either above or below eye level, where practical.
- Terminate the beam emitted by the laser product at the end of its useful path.

**IMPORTANT:** This laser device is not bore-sighted.

**Class 2 Laser Characteristics**

Output power: <2.6 mW
Laser wavelength: 650-670 nm


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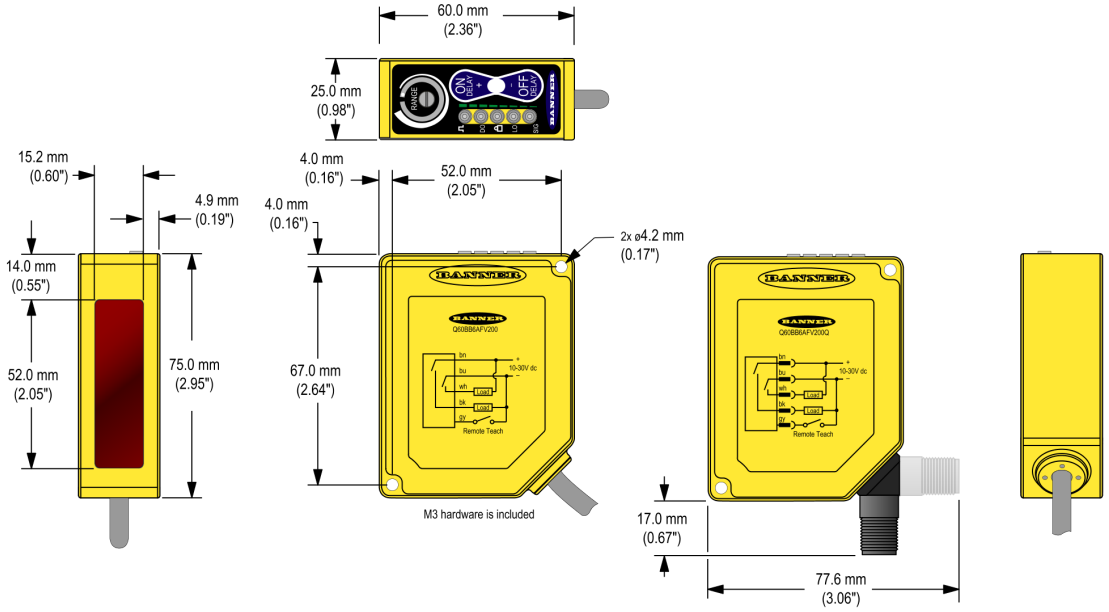
Pulse duration: 15.5 µs

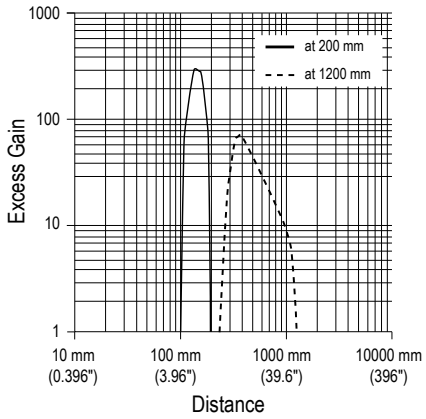
## Dimensions



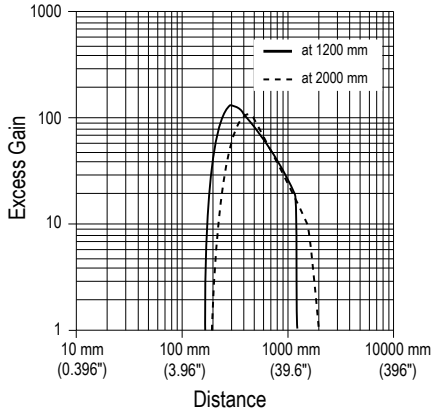

## Performance Curves

Performance is based on a 90% reflectance white test card.

**Class 1 Laser Models—Excess Gain at 200 mm and 1200 mm Cutoff**




**Class 2 Laser Models—Excess Gain at 1200mm and 2000 mm Cutoff**





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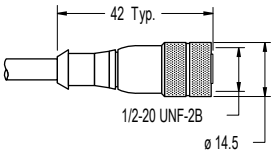
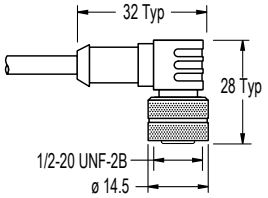
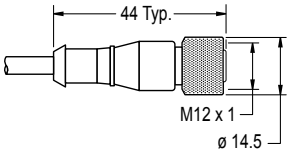
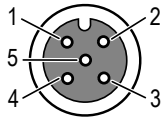
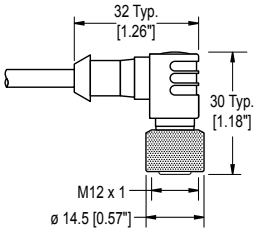
# Accessories

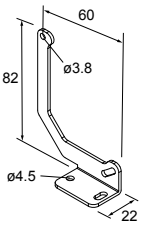
## Cordsets

| 4-Pin Single-Ended 1/2-in Dual Key Female Cordsets | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model** | **Length** | **Style** | **Dimensions** | **Pinout (Female)** |
| **MQAC-406** | 2 m (6.56 ft) | Straight |  | <br>1 = Red/Black<br>2 = Red/White<br>3 = Red<br>4 = Green |
| **MQAC-415** | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| **MQAC-430** | 9.14 m (30 ft) | | | |
| **MQAC-406RA** | 1.83 m (6 ft) | Right-Angle |  | |
| **MQAC-415RA** | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| **MQAC-430RA** | 9.14 m (30 ft) | | | |

| 5-Pin Single-Ended M12 Female Cordsets | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model** | **Length** | **Style** | **Dimensions** | **Pinout (Female)** |
| **MQDC1-501.5** | 0.5 m (1.5 ft) | Straight |  | <br>1 = Brown<br>2 = White<br>3 = Blue<br>4 = Black<br>5 = Gray |
| **MQDC1-503** | 0.9 m (2.9 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-506** | 2 m (6.5 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-515** | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-530** | 9 m (29.5 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-560** | 18 m (59 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-5100** | 31 m (101.7 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-506RA** | 2 m (6.5 ft) | Right-Angle |  | |
| **MQDC1-515RA** | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-530RA** | 9 m (29.5 ft) | | | |
| **MQDC1-560RA** | 19 m (62.3 ft) | | | |

## Brackets

**SMBQ60**
- Right-angle bracket
- 14-gauge 304 stainless steel





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